# SELF-ASSESSMENT TOOL

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT CENTER ASSOCIATION



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## **Overview:**

In February 2021, the National Assessment Center Association (NAC) released an updated framework of the Assessment Center Model that was inclusive of standards and criteria in an effort to align Centers across the Country. The updated Framework is grounded in research and best practices. The Framework identifies standards for Assessment Centers, criteria needed to achieve those standards, outputs, and suggested quality assurance measures. It also identifies short-, medium-, and long-term outcomes with the intention of creating consistency among Centers across the United States and the ability to identify and advocate for a collective impact among Centers.

The purpose of this self-assessment tool is to help Centers examine, review, and reflect on their current operations and to what extent those operations align with the Assessment Center Framework. This tool should help Centers gauge not only where there is alignment, but also where opportunities exist for improvement and enhancement. Self-assessment tools can serve as goal-setting tools for organizations and help inform strategic planning and continuous quality improvement efforts.

## **Forming a Self-Assessment Team**

Completion of this tool should not be the responsibility of any one person. Prior to completing the tool, the Assessment Center should assemble a self-assessment team. Recommended team members include:

- Assessment Center Staff
- Assessment Center Directors/leaders
- Assessment Center Board Members/Advisory Members
- ► Youth and Family Members
- System Stakeholders: Child Welfare, Justice, Education, Law Enforcement

- State/County Representatives
- Community Providers

### **Definitions**

Core Component
Essential functions or principles that are necessary to produce desired outcomes.

Standard
Best practices of a core

Criteria
Mechanism (recommended policy or practice) on how to achieve standards

Benchmark
Measure that compares
one's own performance to
the criteria and standard.

#### Framework

A conceptual structure intended to serve as a support or guide to reach specific outcomes

# to reach specific outcomes

## **Instructions**

The rating categories below were developed to be consistent with the EPIS framework (Exploration, Preparation, Implementation, and Sustainment) that guides technical assistance efforts supporting implementation of evidence-based practices in child welfare and social service settings (see Aarons, Hurlburt, & Horwitz, 2011). Each benchmark is rated using the following scale:

component.

- Not a Current Practice = No knowledge of a policy, practice, or procedure
- Not Under Consideration = Center has knowledge of a policy, practice, or procedure, but cannot achieve this standard at the current time.
- Practice Under Consideration = Policy, practice, or procedure has been discussed or considered for development but is not currently part of routine AC operations

- Informal Practice = Policy, practice, or procedure is not a part of formal AC operations but is used on an ad hoc basis by Center staff
- Formal Policy: Inconsistent Practice = Policy is a part of formal AC operating documents, but implementation of policy is inconsistent among staff.
- Formal Practice = Policy, practice, or procedure is a routine part of formal operations (e.g., relevant staff are trained, supervised, and/or outcomes are monitored)

Members of the Self-Assessment Team responsible for reviewing and rating benchmarks should document key observations that support their ratings in the "Selection Justification" column. Justifications should include who staff talked to, data or documents used, etc. This helps to explain why and how the rating was selected specifically to ensure consistency if staff complete the tool in the future to know the rationale and mechanism used to reach the rating selected. Each benchmark should receive a single rating by the Self-Assessment Team. When there are divergent views about the best choice for a benchmark rating, the team should carefully consider all viewpoints before settling on a rating that reflects the consensus of the team. If some participants dissent from this rating, their view and the evidence for it should be noted in the narrative conclusions section (see below). Key observations can be documented on the worksheet (Notes Supporting Rating) and should include concrete findings that justify the benchmark rating.

After all benchmarks within the Core Component have been rated and summed, the Self-Assessment Team can review these ratings and come to an overall conclusion as to whether practices benchmarked within the Core Component is being fully implemented or whether specific elements have either not been considered or represent an ad hoc or informal practice that needs to be strengthened. Each Core Component does not receive a final numerical score. Instead, the Self-Assessment Team uses the EPIS framework to develop an overall conclusion (referred to as Element Summary rating below) regarding their practices within each Core Component. Each element should receive a rating as Exploration, Preparation, Implementation, or Sustainment reflecting the applicable EPIS framework phase. The following table can help the team to link benchmark ratings to the Element Summary rating:

SELF-ASSESSMENT ELEMENT RATINGS	EPIS FRAMEWORK /PHASE
Majority of the benchmarks are rated <i>Not a Current</i> Practice	<b>Exploration Phase.</b> In this phase, the Assessment Center has not yet considered or are just beginning to consider the criteria for implementation of the Core Component. Assessment Centers should consider the practices and procedures they need to target for improvement. This can involve setting a goal for the key benchmarks to target for strategic planning. The Self-Assessment Team should identify barriers and challenges to changing the current practice. Guidance may be needed from external sources to develop an initial plan for system-level change.
Majority of the benchmarks are rated <i>Not Under</i> Consideration	<b>Exploration Phase.</b> In this phase, the Assessment Center has knowledge of a policy, practice, or procedure, but cannot implement the criteria and standard at the time. Assessment Centers should consider the practices and procedures they need to target for implementation. This can involve setting a goal for the key benchmarks to target for strategic planning. The Self-Assessment Team should identify barriers and challenges to changing the current practice. Guidance may be needed from external sources to develop an initial plan for system-level change.
Majority of benchmarks are rated as <i>Under Consideration or Informal Practice</i>	<b>Preparation Phase.</b> In this phase, the Assessment Center has practices that have involved some level of planning, where barriers and challenges to implementing the practice have already been identified and initial steps have been taken to overcome the barriers. However, there has not been a systematic protocol or consistent effort to implement the criteria.
Majority of benchmarks are rated as  Informal Practice	<b>Preparation Phase.</b> In this phase, the Assessment Center has practices and procedures aligning with the criteria that have been operationally defined (e.g., in a working draft) and are being piloted or implemented by a small number of staff. In order to formally implement the practices or procedures agency- or program-wide, steps of the Preparation Phase likely need to be completed before moving to the next phase.
Majority of the benchmarks are rates as Formal Policy; Inconsistent Practice	Implementation Phase. In this phase, the Assessment Center has formally adopted policies, but the implementation of policies into daily operation and practice are inconsistent or non-existent. Support is needed to ensure consistent effort in implementing criteria.
Majority of the benchmarks are rated as a Formal Policy and Practice	Implementation Phase. The Assessment Center has formally adopted practices that are supported by policy. There is general knowledge of the criteria and standards evidenced staff member's training and working knowledge of the policy or practice.
	Sustainment Phase. The Assessment Center has practices and procedures that have been implemented system wide. The practice is considered ingrained and stable throughout the system. Practices in the Sustainment phase are those that are regularly monitored through quality assurance processes and there is a commitment by the Assessment Center to maintain the practice (e.g., practice is consistent with the mission statement, training is routine and applicable to all staff, funding is secure).

# CORE COMPONENT: SINGLE POINT OF CONTACT

STANDARD 1: INTENTIONAL EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO ENSURE COMMUNITY CONSENSUS AND CROSS SYSTEM COLLABORATION IN DEVELOPING THE DOMAIN(S), REFERRAL SOURCES, AND TARGET POPULATION TO BE SERVED BY THE ASSESSMENT CENTER (AC).

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 1.1: YOUTH AND FAMILIES ARE ENGAGED IN T	HE CONSENSUS, GOV	/ERNANCE, OPERA	TION, AND/OR OV	ERSIGHT OF 1	THE ASSESSMENT	CENTER (FRAMEW	/ORK, PG.10)
Our AC has a formal advisory committee or governance board with organizing documents (bylaws, charter, etc.).							
Our AC has organizing (bylaws, charter, etc.) documents that require positions be allocated to youth and family participation.							
Youth and families are currently active members on our board/committee.							
CRITERIA 1.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE (	CLEARLY DEFINED T	HEIR DOMAINS, P	OINTS OF CONTAC	CT, AND TARG	GET POPULATION	I. (FRAMEWORK, P	G.10)
Policies and procedures clearly define the AC's target population. Contact points listed pgs. 13 – 17.							
Formal agreements or MOUS are in place that dictate how the AC serves as a point of contact for the target population.							
For voluntary access, Centers have websites, social media pages, etc. that clearly define who can access the Center, why they would access the Center and how.							
CRITERIA 1.2 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 1.3: THE GO	VERNANCE OR ADVISORY BO	ARD ACCURATELY REFL	ECTS THE COMMUN	ITY IT SERVES I	NCLUDING	THE TARGET POPUL	ATION.	(FRAMEWO	RK, PG.10)
larly analyze the community	poard/advisory committee regu- y's demographics (race, ethnicity, etc.) and actively seek to reflect the board or committee.								
Those defined in your targ bers of the governance or	get population are active mem- r advisory board.								
CRITER	IA 1.3 TOTAL								
	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATIO	DRAC.		FORMAL POLI Inconsistei Practice	NT	AND CO	AL POLICY INSISTENT ACTICE
Criteria 1.1 Sum Total									
Criteria 1.2 Sum Total									
Criteria 1.3 Sum Total									
STANDARD TOTAL:									

# STANDARD 2: YOUTH AND FAMILIES HAVE AN ACCESSIBLE, COORDINATED, AND STREAMLINED APPROACH TO IDENTIFY OPPORTUNITIES FOR SERVICES AND SUPPORTS THROUGH A PARTICIPATORY PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION	
CRITERIA 2.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A WRITTEN AGREEMENT, POLICIES, OR PROCEDURES WITH ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING THAT FORMALIZES THE REFERRAL PROCESS AND OUTLINES HOW THE CENTER SERVES AS A CENTRAL POINT OF CONTACT:								
<ul> <li>Juvenile Justice: Law Enforcement, courts (including probation &amp; pretrial), prosecutor, judge, child welfare, probation, defense council, youth, and parents.</li> <li>Child Welfare: Child welfare organization or law enforcement</li> <li>Prevention: Law Enforcement, youth and parents, schools, faith community, etc.</li> </ul>								
		(FRAMI	EWORK, PG.10)					
The AC has written agreements with one or more of the listed stakeholders that details expectations of both parties.								
The AC has written policies and procedures for staff when receiving referrals from one or all stakeholders.								
CRITERIA 2.1 TOTAL								
CRITERIA 2.2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE SOUND AND OBJECTIVE REFERRAL PROTOCOLS FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT AND COMMUNITY TO FOLLOW TO ENSURE FAIRNESS AND REDUCE RACIAL AND ETHNIC DISPARITIES. (FRAMEWORK, PG.10, 11)								
Policies and procedures articulate objective eligibility criteria for who can be served by the AC.								

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE
Criteria 2.1 Sum Total						

Criteria 2.2 Sum Total			
Criteria 2.3 Sum Total			
STANDARD TOTAL:			

# **Standard 3: Assessment Centers have a trauma-informed environment and process.**

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification		
CRITERIA 3.1: EXPECTATIONS OF THE PROCES	CRITERIA 3.1: EXPECTATIONS OF THE PROCESS ARE COMMUNICATED TO YOUTH AND FAMILIES IN THEIR OWN LANGUAGE IN WRITING AND VERBALLY. (FRAMEWORK, PG.11)								
Policies and procedures require all youth and families to be given written materials, in their own language, explaining the AC process prior to beginning.									
Policies and procedures require all youth and families to be given a verbal explanation, in their own language, of the AC process prior to beginning.									
The AC has posted written explanations of the AC process in public places (i.e., waiting rooms, websites, etc.).									
CRITERIA 3.1 TOTAL									

CRITERIA 3.2: AN ASSESSMI	ENT CENTER'S PHY	SICAL SPACE FOL	LOWS TRAUMA-IN	FORMED BES	T PRACTICES. (F	RAMEWORK, PG.11,	12)
The AC can reference publications or resources on trauma-informed best practices that have influenced their physical space.							
The AC can point to items within the physical space that are representative of the community to include language and art.							
AC physical space (all locations) allows for privacy and confidentiality when conducting screening and assessment.							
CRITERIA 3.2 TOTAL							
CRITERIA 3.3: YOUTH ARE NOT TRANSPORT IMMINENT NEED TO SCREEN FOR RISK AND	<b>NEED OR LAW ENF</b>	ORCEMENT HAVE		ODY AND ARE			
AC policies and procedures restrict youth being transported to the Center by law enforcement unless there is imminent risk and/ or need.							
AC policies and procedures prohibit youth from being restrained (i.e., handcuffs or shackles) unless there are serious safety concerns.							
CRITERIA 3.3 TOTAL							

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE
Criteria 3.1 Sum Total						
Criteria 3.2 Sum Total						
Criteria 3.3 Sum Total						
STANDARD TOTAL:						

# Standard 4: Assessment Centers have a data collection and analysis process to ensure the referral and intake process is equitable, fair, and transparent.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification	
CRITERIA 4.1: CENTERS ARE COLLECTING AND ANALYZING THE REFERRALS SOURCES, HOW OFTEN REFERRALS ARE SENT, AND THE REASONS FOR REFERRALS.  (FRAMEWORK, PG.10, 11)								
The AC database requires the input of referral source and reason for referral on each youth and family served.								
Policies and procedures require frequent analysis of referrals.								
The analysis is frequently reported to AC staff, board, and stakeholders.								
CRITERIA 4.1 TOTAL								

CRITERIA 4.2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS ARE AN	ALYZING DEMOGRA	PHICS OF YOUTH \	WITH THE REFERR	AL SOURCES	AND REFERRAL F	REASONS. (FRAMEWO	ORK, PG.10,11)
The AC policies and procedures require staff to input demographics of youth into their internal database.							
Policies and procedures require frequent analysis of referral sources and reason with demographics of youth services.							
AC demonstrates they take action to address any potential disproportionality or disparate treatment identified in the analysis.							
The analysis is frequently reported to AC staff, board, and stakeholders.							
CRITERIA 4.3: ASSESSMENT CENTERS TRACK			RRED TO AN ASSES CENTER. (FRAMEW			) ACCESS (ENGAGE I	N SCREENING/
AC policies and procedures require staff to input into a database whether a referred youth engaged in the AC process.							
Policies and procedures require frequent analysis of youth engaged in the AC process including their demographics.							

The analysis is frequently reported to AC staff, board, and stakeholders.				
CRITERIA 4.3 TOTAL				

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE
Criteria 4.1 Sum Total						
Criteria 4.2 Sum Total						
Criteria 4.3 Sum Total						
STANDARD TOTAL:						

# **CORE COMPONENT SCORING**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	TOTAL
Standard 1 Sum Total							
Standard 2 Sum Total							
Standard 3 Sum Total							
Standard 4 Sum Total							
CORE COMPONEN	IT TOTAL:						
Core Component Summary	Exploration		Preparation		Implementation	Sustainment	

- ▶ Summary of Evidence Supporting the Core Component Summary Rating:
- ▶ Potential Next Steps (e.g., Benchmarks/Areas to target for System improvement; strategies to guide system improvement:
- List the changes recommended by the team:

Rating

# CORE COMPONENT: SCREENING & ASSESSMENT

**Screening:** Screening is a structured, formal, validated process. Its purpose is to determine which youths warrant immediate attention and intervention and which may need more comprehensive assessment. It evaluates for the possible presence of a problem but does not diagnose or determine the severity of need, risk, or diagnoses.

**Assessment:** Assessment is a comprehensive and individualized examination of the psychosocial needs and problems, informed by screening that results in recommendations for treatment, services, or other resources. Assessment generally involves more specialized staff and includes multiple sources of information beyond a youth self-report.

- Tier I Assessment Center: An Assessment Center that conducts screening only and refers out for further assessment.
- ▶ **Tier II Assessment Center:** An Assessment Center that conducts both screening and assessment.

#### PLEASE SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

Our Center is a Tier 1 Center:	
Our Center is a Tier 2 Center:	П

# **SCREENING**

STANDARD 1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A SCREENING PROCESS THAT INVOLVES DOMAINS RELEVANT TO THEIR TARGET POPULATION/COMMON NEEDS FOUND IN THEIR TARGET CRITERIA.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 1.1: CENTERS HAVE REVIEWED PROFESSIONAL LITERATURE TO IDENTIFY COMMON NEEDS FOR THE TARGET POPULATION. (FRAMEWORK, PG.22)							
The AC regularly reviews professional literature to identify needs of the AC's target population.							
AC staff receiving briefings and/or trainings on current professional literature specific to the target population served by the AC.							
CRITERIA 1.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.2: CENTE	CRITERIA 1.2: CENTERS LOOK FOR AVAILABLE SCREENING TOOLS THAT PROVIDE COVERAGE OF COMMON NEEDS. (FRAMEWORK, PG.22)						
The AC regularly reviews the available professional literature to maintain up-to-date knowledge on screening tools linked to common needs of the target population							

AC staff receiving briefings and/or trainings on current professional literature specific to screening tools linked to common needs of the target population.							
CRITERIA 1.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.3: SELECTION OF SCREENING TOOLS IS INFORMED BY READING LEVEL, ADMINISTRATION TIME TO PROMOTE ADEQUATE COMPREHENSION AND UNDERSTANDING.  (FRAMEWORK, PG.22)							
The AC can reference the reading level of each selected tool(s) and that reading level is at or below reading level of target population.							
The AC can reference the administration time needed for each selected tool(s) utilized in the screening process.							
CRITERIA 1.3 TOTAL							

### **STANDARD WORKSHEET:**

SCREENING TOOL	TOPIC FOCUS	READING COMPREHENSION LEVEL	ADMINISTRATION TIME

### **SCORING**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 1.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE ESTABLISHED A "SCREENING SYSTEM" THAT IS EVIDENCE-BASED.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice Or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION			
	CRITERIA 2.1: SCREENING TOOLS UTILIZED BY ASSESSMENT CENTERS ARE EVIDENCE-BASED MEANING THEY HAVE DEMONSTRATED RELIABILITY AND VALIDITY FOR THE POPULATION OF YOUTH SERVED BY THAT ASSESSMENT CENTER. (FRAMEWORK, PG.22, 23)									
The AC can reference the research for each selected tool that shows reliability and validity for all target populations served.										
CRITERIA 2.1 TOTAL										

	G TOOLS USEL	) HAVE AN ESTAB	LISHED CUT-SCORE	E AND RESPONS	E PROTOCOL. (FRA	MEWORK, PG.22, 23)	
For each screening tool used, the AC has incorporated cut-scores (or locally developed decision rules) based on the available professional literature.							
For each screening tool included in the screening process, decision thresholds and follow-up responses are documented in policy and procedure							
CRITERIA 2.2 TOTAL							
CRITERIA 2.3: IN THE ABSENCE OF A CO PROFESSION					AS SOUGHT OUT AF (Framework, Pg.2		TION FROM
For screening tools without cut scores established by the tool developer, AC can demonstrate							

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE
Criteria 2.1 Sum Total						
Criteria 2.2 Sum Total						
Criteria 2.3 Sum Total						
STANDARD TOTAL:						

### STANDARD WORKSHEET

SCREENING TOOL	POPULATIONS WITH DEMONSTRATED RELIABILITY	POPULATIONS WITH DEMONSTRATED VALIDITY	CUT SCORES	RESPONSE PROTOCOLS

### STANDARD 3: ASSESSMENT CENTER STAFF ARE SUPPORTED THROUGH ONGOING TRAINING ON SCREENING BEST PRACTICE.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 3.1: ALL STAFF CONDUCTIN SCRE				OF LOCAL POLICY A St practices. (Fra			E USE OF EACH
Policies, procedures, and onboarding practices require staff conducting screening functions to receive training on each screening tool.							
Policies, procedures, and onboarding practices provide staff with manuals and materials associated with each screening tool.							

Policies, procedures, and onboarding practices train all staff conducting screening on associate cut scores and response protocols.							
CRITERIA 3.1 TOTAL							
CRITERIA 3.2: STAFF RECEIVE BOO	OSTER TRAINING T		TO LOCAL PROCES Amework, Pg.22, 2		ING REMAINS CONSI	STENT WITH BEST	PRACTICE.
Policies and procedures require staff to receive annual booster trainings on screening tools, cut scores, and response protocols.							
Policies and procedures require staff to receive annual booster trainings on screening best practices.							
CRITERIA 3.2 TOTAL							
CRITERIA 3.3: ASSESSMENT CENTER	RS HAVE POLICY AI	ND PROTOCOL TO EN	NSURE UNIFORMITY	IN THE WAY THE SC	REENING IS CONDUC	TED. (FRAMEWOR	K, PG.22, 23)
The AC leadership annually conducts staff observations of the screening process to ensure screening is done in accordance with best practices and local P&P.							
The AC leadership annually reviews screening tool results, scores, and responses by each staff member to ensure screening is done in accordance with best practices and local P&P.							

The AC leadership has a method of follow-up booster training and coaching for any staff member whose performance falls below the screening process requirements of the local P&P.				
CRITERIA 3.3 TOTAL				

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 3.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

### STANDARD 4: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROVIDE SCREENING OF YOUTH'S STRENGTHS AND NEEDS IN A TIMELY MANNER.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION			
CRITERIA 4.1: FOR CENTERS WHO ALLOW FOR CRISIS REFERRALS OR TRANSPORTATION BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, YOUTH ARE SCREENED WITHIN 6 HOURS. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 23)										
An AC's electronic database allows for input of date and time youth arrive at the facility.										

Policies and procedures require screening occur within six hours of arrival except in cases of documented impairment or refusal.					
Policies and practices require annual data analysis to ensure youth are screened within 6 hours.					
CRITERIA 4.1 TOTAL					
CRITERIA 4.2: FOR CENTERS WHO I		I AN APPOINTMENT- ERRAL IS RECEIVED.		MILIES ARE OUTRE	ACHED TWO
An AC's electronic database allows for input of date and time referral is received.					
An AC's electronic database allows for input of date and time staff members attempt to contact youth and family.					
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to outreach youth and families within two business days after the referral is received.					
Policies, procedures, and practices require data analysis to ensure youth and families are outreached within two business days.					

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 4.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 4.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 5: ALL YOUTH WITH AN IDENTIFIED NEED DURING THE SCREENING PROCESS ARE REFERRED (INTERNALLY OR EXTERNALLY) FOR FURTHER ASSESSMENT IF NEEDS ARE NOT ALREADY BEING ADDRESSED.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 5.1: CENTERS HAVE C		O RESPONSE PROTOCO THE RESULTS OF THE S				P WITH YOUTH AN	ID FAMILY
For each screening tool used, policy and procedures dictate the response protocol based on the identified cut score or locally developed decision threshold.							
Policies and procedures require Center staff to conduct a secondary screening that includes inquiry on duration of need, onset, frequency, and severity.							

Policies and procedures require staff to review the results of the screening process with youth and families.				
CRITERIA 5.1 TOTAL				
CRITERIA 5.2: YOUTH SCREENED-	E DOMAINS RECEIVED A		HER ASSESSMEN	T BASED ON
Policies and procedures require youth "screened in" on one or more domains receive a follow-up assessment (Tier II) or referral (Tier I) to the most appropriate, community-based assessment provider unless are confined to basic needs (e.g., housing, financial insecurity)				
The AC has conducted service mapping (see accountability core component) to best identify assess- ment service providers (Tier I ACs)				
ACs have a data process to track the number and type of referrals provided post-screening and determine match between identified needs and referral type.				
ACs examine the screening needs/re- ferral match data on an annual basis and utilize these results to monitor and modify referral practices.				
CRITERIA 5.2 TOTAL				

CRITERIA 5.3: REFERRALS ARE PROVIDED CONSISTENT WITH CASE MANAGEMENT STANDARDS AS INCORPORATED INTO LOCAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.

#### **SEE CASE MANAGEMENT SECTION ON PAGE 75**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 5.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

STANDARD 6: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS PROCESS TO ENSURE THE SCREENING PROCESS IS EQUITABLE, FAIR, AND TRANSPARENT.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification		
CRITERIA 6.1: CENTERS FREQUENTLY COLLECT AND ANALYZE DATA TO ENSURE THE PROPORTION OF YOUTH WHO SCREEN-IN VS THOSE WHO SCREEN OUT ARE IN ALIGNMENT WITH EVIDENCE-BASE. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 23)									
An AC's electronic database allows for input of screening tool results.									

An AC's electronic database allows staff to indicate whether youth were "screened in" or screened out" based on the results and follow-up for each tool used in the screening process.					
AC staff annually review screening data to ensure the proportion of youth screened in and screened out for each screening tool is consistent with the available professional literature					
CRITERIA 6.1 TOTAL:					
CRITERIA 6.2: CENTERS HAVE A PRO	CESS TO ANALY	UT TO FAMILY, COMMUING. (FRAMEWORK, P	KEHOLDERS THE NI	EEDS OF YOUTH IDE	NTIFIED FROM
The AC has a documented process that results in an annual summary report of the AC's screening process including at a minimum the number of					
screens conducted, results of screening tools, referral rates, and demographics of youth served through the screening process.					
screens conducted, results of screen- ing tools, referral rates, and demo- graphics of youth served through the					

CRITERIA 6.3: CENTERS	S HAVE A PROCES	S TO ENSURE T	HE PREVIOU	US TWO	CRITERIA INFORM CH	ANGES/REVISI	ONS TO THE SCREENI	NG PROCESS. (FRAM	IEWORK, PG. 23)
The AC has a documented quality improvement procinformation from 6.1 & 6.2 screening process, use of and staff response protoc	cess that uses to improve specific tools,								
CRITERIA 6.3	TOTAL:								
		l							
	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UN Consider			TICE OR POLICY UNDER Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 6.1 Sum Total									
Criteria 6.2 Sum Total									
Criteria 6.3 Sum Total									
STANDARD TOTAL:									

# STANDARD 7: YOUTH AND FAMILIES ARE TREATED AS PARTNERS IN THE SCREENING PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 7.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES THAT	ENSURE YOUTH KN	OWINGLY AND VO	LUNTARILY CONS	ENT TO THE S	CREENING PROCE	SS. (FRAMEW	ORK, PG. 24)
Policies and procedures require staff to disclose to youth and families the purpose of the screening process, content domains covered by each screening tool, how the screening information will be used, and who will have access to the results of the screening process							
CRITERIA 7.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 6.2: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES FOR STAFF TO INFO	M YOUTH AND FAMII	LIES THAT SELF-A	DMINISTERED SC	REENING TO	OLS ARE VOLUNT	ARY. (FRAMEW	ORK, PG. 24)
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that provide all youth and families the right to refuse (e.g., not complete a screening tool).							
The AC has a method of tracking and documenting refusal rates per screening tool.							
CRITERIA 7.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 6.3: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCED	JRES THAT ALLOW F	OR YOUTH AND	THEIR FAMILIES	TO REFUSE P	ARTICIPATION.	(FRAMEWORK	, PG. 24)
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that give all youth and families the right to refuse to participate in the screening process as a whole.							
The AC has a method of tracking and documenting refusal rates for the screening process as a whole.							
CRITERIA 7.3 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 7.4: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES				D THEIR RIGI	HTS TO ACCESS	SUPPORTS AN	ID SERVICES.
	(FRAIN	IEWORK, PG. 24)					
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to inform youth of local consent laws and their rights; preferably in written language that is easy to understand.							
AC leadership conduct regular audits or observations to ensure that youth and families are provided written notice of local consent laws and their rights.							
CRITERIA 7.4 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 7.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 8: CENTERS HAVE A METHOD TO COLLECT FEEDBACK FROM YOUTH AND FAMILIES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 8.1: YOUTH AND FAMILIE	ES ARE ENGAGED IN	FEEDBACK AFTER TI	HE SCREENING PROC	ESS AS IT REL <i>i</i>	ATES TO THE RESULT	OF THE SCREEN(S). (FR	AMEWORK, PG. 26)
Policies and procedures require AC staff to review the results of the screening process with youth and families and conduct secondary screen (see 5.1) to verify duration of needs, onset, frequency, and severity.							
Policies and procedures require AC staff to document results of the screening process and feedback.							

AC leadership conduct regula audits or observations to ensi that youth and family feedbac occurs consistent with local F	ure ck							
CRITERIA 8.1 TOTAL:								
CRITERIA 8.2: CENTERS HAV	VE A ME	ETHOD TO COLLE	CT FEEDBACK FROM YO	UTH AND FAMILIES (	ON THEIR EXPE	RIENCE WITH THE SC	REENING PROCESS. (FR	AMEWORK, PG. 26)
AC has a mechanism (form, survey, etc.) that allows youth and families to provide feedba on the screening process in a confidential manner.	ack							
The AC regularly analyzes the feedback received from youth and families and utilize these results to monitor and improve the screening process and statraining.	n /e							
CRITERIA 8.2 TOTAL:								
		TA CURRENT FICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	INTINCICIEN		TOTAL
Criteria 8.1 Sum Total								

Criteria 8.2 Sum Total

STANDARD TOTAL:

# STANDARD 9: ASSESSMENT CENTERS MAINTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY AND PROTECT THE RIGHTS OF YOUTH AND FAMILIES DURING THE SCREENING PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 9.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES MAKING (I.E., DON'T SHARE THE ENT							
Policies and procedures restrict staff from sharing completed screening tool, raw scores, or total scores.							
The AC provides staff with training on how to document screening results using language that communicates screening in decisions and recommended follow-up/referral.							
AC leadership conducts annual review of written communication to ensure that staff are reporting screening results/decisions consistent with local P&P							
CRITERIA 9.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 9.2: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES			FORTS TO ENSURE Be Heard by Oth			TH DURING THE SCREE	ENING PROCESS
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to conduct the screening process in a space that ensures confidentiality during the screening process.							
CRITERIA 9.2 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 9.3: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES ANY	 	A PARTNERS THAT II PROCESS WITHOUT		 	INOT BE USED IN
Policies, procedures, and practices require AC staff to obtain a release of information signed by a legally authorized representative to provide screening results to other systems, providers, supports.					
MOUs or agreements with justice system stakeholders, education, child welfare, etc. explicitly state that information disclosed during screening process is not to be used in adjudicatory or disciplinary processes without consent by a legally authorized representative.					
CRITERIA 9.3 TOTAL:					
CRITERIA 9.4: CENTERS HAVE AGREEMENT RECORD (I.E., COURT, EDUCATION, & C	ND WILL NOT BE U		YOUTH (I.E., D		
MOUs or agreements with partners or systems (i.e., court, education, & child welfare) explicating state that screening results will not become part of a youth's permanent record.					
CRITERIA 9.4 TOTAL:					

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 9.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 9.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 9.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 9.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## **CORE COMPONENT SCORING**

	NOT A CUP Practice of		NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	TOTAL
Standard 1 Sum Total								
Standard 2 Sum Total								
Standard 3 Sum Total								
Standard 4 Sum Total								
Standard 5 Sum Total								
Standard 6 Sum Total								
Standard 7 Sum Total								
Standard 8 Sum Total								
Standard 9 Sum Total								
CORE COMPONENT TOTAL:								
Core Component Summary Rating	/ Explo	ration		Preparation		Implementation	Sus	ainment

- ▶ Summary of Evidence Supporting the Core Component Summary Rating:
- ▶ Potential Next Steps (e.g., Benchmarks/Areas to target for System improvement; strategies to guide system improvement:
- List the changes recommended by the team:

## **ASSESSMENT**

\*If you selected Tier 1 Assessment Center, please move to page 66.

# STANDARD 1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE AN ASSESSMENT PROCESS THAT INVOLVES DOMAINS RELEVANT TO THEIR TARGET POPULATION/COMMON NEEDS FOUND IN THEIR TARGET CRITERIA.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 1.1: CENTERS HAVE REVIEWED P	ROFESSIONAL L	ITERATURE TO IDEN	TIFY COMMON NEED	S OF THE TAR(	ET POPULATION	. (FRAMEWORK,	PG. 33)
The AC regularly reviews professional literature to identify needs of the AC's target population.							
AC staff receiving briefings and/or trainings on current professional literature specific to the target population served by the AC.							
CRITERIA 1.1 TOTAL							
CRITERIA 1.2: CENTERS LOOK FOR	AVAILABLE ASS	ESSMENT TOOLS TH	AT PROVIDE COVERA	AGE OF COMMO	ON NEEDS. (FRAN	IEWORK, PG. 33	)
The AC regularly reviews the available professional literature to maintain up to date knowledge on assessment tools linked to common needs of the target population							
AC staff receiving briefings and/or trainings on current professional literature specific to assessment tools linked to common needs of the target population.							
CRITERIA 1.2 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 1.3: SELECTION OF ASSESSMENT TOOLS IS INFORMED BY READING LEVEL AND ADMINISTRATION TIME TO PROMOTE ADEQUATE COMPREHENSION AND UNDERSTANDING. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 33)										
The AC can reference the reading level of each selected tool(s) and that reading level is at or below reading level of target population.										
The AC can reference the administration time needed for each selected tool(s) utilized in the assessment process.										
CRITERIA 1.3 TOTAL										

#### **ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET**

ASSESSMENT TOOL	TOPIC DOMAIN FOCUS(ES)	READING COMPREHENSION LEVEL	ADMINISTRATION TIME

### **SCORING**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 1.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

### STANDARD 2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE ESTABLISHED AN ASSESSMENT PROCESS THAT IS EVIDENCE-BASED.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice Or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification				
	CRITERIA 2.1: ASSESSMENT TOOLS UTILIZED BY ASSESSMENT CENTERS ARE EVIDENCE-BASED MEANING THEY HAVE DEMONSTRATED RELIABILITY AND VALIDITY FOR THE POPULATION OF YOUTH SERVED BY THAT ASSESSMENT CENTER. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 33)										
The AC can reference the research for each selected tool that shows reliability and validity for all target populations served.											
CRITERIA 2.1 TOTAL											
CRITERIA 2.2: CENTERS HAVE AN EST	ABLISHED PRO		NING RESPONSE NORK, PG. 33, 34		IT AND RECOMMEN	DATIONS FOR SERVIC	E REFERRALS.				
For each assessment tool used, policy and procedures dictate the response protocol based on the identified cut score or locally developed decision threshold.											
Policies and procedures require staff to review the results of the assessment process with youth and families.											
Policies and procedures require AC staff to document youth and family follow through on recommendations generated from the assessment											
CRITERIA 2.2 TOTAL			'								

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE
Criteria 2.1 Sum Total						
Criteria 2.2 Sum Total						
STANDARD TOTAL:						

#### STANDARD 3: ASSESSMENT CENTER STAFF ARE SUPPORTED THROUGH ONGOING TRAINING ON ASSESSMENT BEST PRACTICE.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 3.1: ALL STAFF CONDUCTING EACH ASS		WITH YOUTH ARE TRA					S TO THE USE OF
Policies, procedures, and onboarding practices require staff conducting assessment functions to receive training on each screening tool.							
Policies, procedures, and onboarding practices provide staff with manuals and materials associated with each assessment tool.							
Policies, procedures, and onboarding practices train all staff conducting assessment on associated response protocols.							
CRITERIA 3.1 TOTAL							

CRITERIA 3.2: STAFF RECEIVE ONGOIN	CRITERIA 3.2: STAFF RECEIVE ONGOING OR BOOSTER TRAINING TO ENSURE FIDELITY TO THE LOCAL PROCESS AND THAT ASSESSMENT REMAINS CONSISTENT WITH BEST PRACTICE. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 34)										
Policies and procedures require staff to receive annual booster trainings on assessment tools and response protocols.											
Policies and procedures require staff to receive annual booster trainings on assessment best practices.											
CRITERIA 3.2 TOTAL											
CRITERIA 3.3: ASSESSMENT CENTERS	HAVE POLICY A	ND PROTOCOL TO EN	SURE UNIFORMITY IN	THE WAY THE	ASSESSMENT IS CO	NDUCTED. (FRAI	MEWORK, PG. 34)				
The AC leadership annually conducts staff observations of the assessment process to ensure assessment is done in accordance with best practices and local P&P.											
The AC leadership annually reviews assessment tool results, scores, and responses by each staff member to ensure assessment is done in accordance with best practices and local P&P.											
The AC leadership has a method of follow-up booster training and coaching for any staff member whose performance falls below the assessment process requirements of the local P&P.											
CRITERIA 3.3 TOTAL											

CRITERIA 3.4: STAFF ARE PRO	VIDED ONGOING	COACHING ON ENGA	AGEMENT TECHNIQ	UES USED DU	JRING ASSESSME	NTS AND OVERALL QUALITY	. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 34)
The AC leadership annually conducts staff observations of the assessment to ensure quality of engagement techniques							
The AC leadership utilizes observations to inform booster training and staff development plans.							
CRITERIA 3.4 TOTAL							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 3.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

#### STANDARD 4: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROVIDE ASSESSMENT POST- SCREEN AND PRE- CASE PLANNING IN A TIMELY MANNER.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification				
CRITERIA 4.1: WHEN SCREENS FLAG AN EMERGENT RISK (E.G., SUICIDE RISK), AN ASSESSMENT IS PROVIDED WITHIN 24 HOURS. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 34)											
Assessment Centers has a method of tracking the time and date of assessments conducted in response to an emergent risk (e.g., suicide risk) indicator identified during the screening process.											
AC leadership annually review emergent risk assessment follow-up time to ensure fidelity to local P&P.											
CRITERIA 4.1 TOTAL											
CRITERIA 4.2: YOUTH AND FAMILII IS PROVIDED NO MORE THAN FIV	/E BUSINESS DAYS AFT	TER A SCREEN, UN		T NEED IS IDEN	ITIFIED FROM SCRE						
AC has a method of tracking time and date an assessment is initiated.											
Policies, procedures, and practices dictates that an assessment in is initiated within 5 working days post-screening and/or post-screening referral.											
AC leadership annually review assessment follow-up time to ensure fidelity to local P&P.											

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 4.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 4.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

### STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT CENTERS ENSURE STAFF ACCESS TO SCREENING RESULTS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 5.1: INFORMATION					TO HAVE ACCESS TO (FRAMEWORK, PG. 3		S AND NOTES
AC has a data/documentation method ensuring that that staff can access and review screening results prior to an assessment.							
CRITERIA 5.1 TOTAL							
CRITERIA 5.2: POLICIES AND PRA	CTICES REQUIRE ST		EDS IDENTIFIED IN (FRAMEWORK, PG.		RIOR TO ENGAGING Y	OUTH AND FAMILY IN	THE ASSESSMENT.
Policies, procedures, and practices requires documentation that screening results are reviewed prior to an assessment.							
AC leadership annually reviews documentation to ensure fidelity to the local P&P							

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 5.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

#### STANDARD 6: ASSESSMENTS INTEGRATE MULTIPLE SOURCES OF INFORMATION WITHIN THE PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 6.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS H. AS WELL AS HISTORY OR CURRENT ST EDUCATIONAL	ATUS AS IT RE	LATES TO DELINQUE		M INVOLVEMEN	T, CHILD WELFARE	, BEHAVIORAL HE	
ACs have developed information sharing agreements with referring partners to provide partner specific access to records as a routine practice when conducting assessments.							
The local child welfare department provides current and historic information on involvement including founded abuse and neglect cases, prevention/voluntary services received, and adoption records per a MOU or release of information.							

The school system provides access to information such as grades, attendance, special education, disciplinary record per a MOU or release of information.					
Local police or court systems provide current and historic arrest records, formal court processing information (dispositions and outcomes), and history of services provided per a MOU or release of information.					
CRITERIA 6.1 TOTAL:					
Policies, procedures, and practices require AC staff to obtain release of information forms to make contact and obtain relevant information from other service providers.	IAVE POLICIES	T REQUIRE STAFF TO E PROCESS. (FRAMEWOF	SYSTEMS, STAKEH	OLDERS, AND SU	PPORTS WITHIN
Policies, procedures, and practices require documentation of collateral contacts within assessment reports.					
AC leadership conducts annual quality assurance reviews of assessment reports to determine consistent access and incorporation of collateral contacts during the assessment process.					
CRITERIA 6.2 TOTAL:					

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 6.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 6.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 7: THE ASSESSMENT IS INDIVIDUALIZED TO EACH YOUTH AND FAMILY GROUNDED IN SCREENING RESULTS, DEVELOPMENTAL STATUS, AND CULTURE.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 7.1: POLICIES AND PRACTICE OR C	S REQUIRE CENTERS AREGIVER TO ENSUR						/ITH YOUTH AND/
Policies, procedures, and practices require the AC staff conducting assessments determine language of choice and conduct the assessment in the language of choice of youth and families.							
AC staff determine intellectual and reading capacities of youth and the assessment process.							
Assessment reports document how the assessment process was individualized to accommodate any known intellectual impairments or reading difficulties.							
CRITERIA 7.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 6.2: ASSESSMENT CENTER	RS HAVE A PROCESS		OR YOUTH WHO CA EVEL). (FRAMEWO	ESSED INTERNALL	Y GIVEN INDIVIDUALIZ	ED NEEDS (I.E.,
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that provide a process of referring youth and families for an appropriate, individualized assessment when that youth cannot be served by the assessment center due to language, intellectual, or cognitive capacity.						
		CRI	TERIA 7.2 TOTAL:			
CRITERIA 7.2: POLICIES AND PRAC	TICES REQUIRE STAI	F TO INQUIRE AB		CCOMMODATIONS	NEEDED DURING THE A	ASSESSMENT
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that require AC staff conducting an assessment to obtain information about the youth/family culture.						
Assessment reports document how the assessment process was individualized to accommodate youth and family culture						
AC staff conducting assessments receive training on cultural competencies relevant to the target population served by the AC.						
CRITERIA 7.3 TOTAL:						

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 7.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

### STANDARD 8: THE ASSESSMENT IDENTIFIES AND ARTICULATES YOUTH AND FAMILY STRENGTHS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 8.1: ASSESSMENT	CENTER STAFF AF	RE TRAINED ON EN	GAGEMENT SKILLS	AND STRENG	TH-BASED APPROA	CHES. (FRAMEWORK, F	PG. 36)
AC staff receive annual training on family engagement strategies to facilitate active engagement in the assessment process.							
AC staff receive annual training on strengths-based approaches and incorporate these approaches into the assessment process.							
CRITERIA 8.1 TOTAL:							

## CRITERIA 8.2: EVERY ASSESSMENT IDENTIFIES YOUTH AND/OR FAMILY'S STRENGTHS AND HAS A STRENGTHS-BASED RECOMMENDATION. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 36, 37) Local policy, procedures, and practices require staff to utilize strength-based best practices or evidence-based within the assessment process. Local P&P require that identified strengths are documented in an assessment report. Local P&P require that assessment reports include strengths-based recommendations. AC leadership has a method to document fidelity to strengths-based documentation and recommendations. **CRITERIA 8.2 TOTAL:**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 8.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 8.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 9: A SUMMARY IS PROVIDED THAT INTEGRATES FINDINGS OF THE ASSESSMENT AND IDENTIFIES DRIVERS OF THE PROBLEM BEHAVIOR.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND Consistent practice	SELECTION Justification					
CRITERIA 9.1: A DOCUMENTED SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT RESULTS IS KEPT INTERNALLY. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 37)												
Local P&P require that each assessment completed by the AC has concise and coherent summary of the assessment findings.												
Local P&P requires that all assessments are archived at the AC consistent with confidentiality and local records rules and regulations.												
CRITERIA 9.1 TOTAL:												
CRITERIA 9.2: POLICIES AND PRA			E IDENTIFIED DRIV H YOUTH AND FAMI			OR THAT INITIATED THE F	REFERRAL TO THE					
Local P&Ps require that all assess- ments clearly delineate drivers of the problem behavior in the assessment summary.												
AC leadership has a method to doc- ument fidelity to local P&P requiring documentation of drivers of the problem behavior in the assessment.												
CRITERIA 9.2 TOTAL:												

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 9.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 9.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 10: ASSESSMENTS ARE USED AS A GUIDE TO DEVELOP SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS ON INDIVIDUALIZED NEEDS AND STRENGTHS TO PRIORITIZE REFERRALS FOR SERVICES AND SUPPORTS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND Consistent practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 10.1: ASSESSMENT CE	NTERS HAVE POLIC		S THAT SUPPORT DIS FAMILIES. (FRAMEW		ASSESSMENT FIND	DINGS AND RECOMMENDA	ATIONS WITH YOUTH
Assessment Centers provide staff training on needs and strengths matching to appropriate recommendations.							
Local P&P require a feedback session with youth and families to discuss the assessment results and recommendations.							
AC leadership conducts annual QA monitoring of feedback sessions provided consistent with 10.1							
CRITERIA 10.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 10.2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROVIDE A WRITTEN SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS WITH RATIONALE OR SUPPORT FOR THE RECOMMENDATIONS.  (FRAMEWORK, PG. 37)											
Local P&P, practices require that each assessment report includes a written summary of prioritized recommendations that are justified based on the assessment results.											
AC leadership has a QA monitor- ing process conducted annually to monitor assessment report summary and recommendations and fidelity to the local P&P											
CRITERIA 10.2 TOTAL:											

CRITERIA 10.3: REFERRALS ARE PROVIDED CONSISTENT WITH CASE MANAGEMENT STANDARDS AS INCORPORATED INTO LOCAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.

See Case Management Section

#### **CRITERIA 10.3 TOTAL:**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 10.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 10.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 10.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

#### STANDARD 11: YOUTH AND FAMILIES ARE TREATED AS PARTNERS IN THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification			
CRITERIA 11.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES THAT ENSURE YOUTH KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY CONSENT TO THE ASSESSMENT. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 35)										
Policies and procedures require staff to dis- close to youth and families the purpose of the assessment process, content domains covered by each assessment tool, how the assessment information will be used, and who will have ac- cess to the results of the assessment process										
CRITERIA 11.1 TOTAL:										
CRITERIA 11.2: CENTERS HAVE POLICIE	ES AND PROCEDURES		F TO INFORM YOUT RAMEWORK, PG. 35		ES THAT PARTICIPA	ATING IN THE ASS	SESSMENT IS			
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that provide all youth and families the right to refuse (e.g., not complete a assessment tool).										
The AC has a method of tracking and documenting refusal rates per assessment tool.										
CRITERIA 11.2 TOTAL:										
CRITERIA 11.3: CENTERS HAVE POLICI	ES AND PROCEDURES	THAT ALLOW FOR	YOUTH AND THEIR	FAMILIES TO	REFUSE PARTICIPA	ATION. (FRAMEW	ORK, PG. 35)			
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that give all youth and families the right to refuse to participate in the assessment process as a whole.										

The AC has a method of tracking and doc- umenting refusal rates for the assessment process as a whole.						
CRITERIA 11.3 TOTAL:						
CRITERIA 11.4: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES A	ND PROCEDURES THA	OF LOCAL CONSEN ORK, PG. 35)	IT LAWS AND 1	THEIR RIGHTS TO A	CCESS SUPPORT	S AND SERVICES.
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to inform youth of local consent laws and their rights, preferably in writing in language that is easy to understand.						
AC leadership conduct regular audits or observations to ensure that youth and families are provided written notice of local consent laws and their rights.						
CRITERIA 11.4 TOTAL:						

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 11.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 11.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 11.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 11.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

#### STANDARD 12: CENTERS HAVE A METHOD TO COLLECT FEEDBACK FROM YOUTH AND FAMILIES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURR Practice Policy	NIII IINIIEK	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 12.1: CENTERS HAVE	A METHOD TO COLLEC	CT FEEDBACK FROM YOUT	H AND FAMILIES ON TH	HEIR EXPERIENC	CE WITH THE ASSESS	SMENT PROCESS. (FRA	MEWORK, PG. 37)
Policies and procedures require AC to review the results of the assessm process with youth and families.							
Policies and procedures require AC staff to document results of th assessment process and feedbac							
AC leadership conduct regular au or observations to ensure that yo and family feedback occurs consi tent with local P&P	uth						
CRITERIA 12.1 TOTAL:							
	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	INITINGICIEN		
Criteria 12.1 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 13: ASSESSMENT CENTERS MAINTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY AND PROTECT THE RIGHTS OF YOUTH AND FAMILIES DURING THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification			
CRITERIA 13.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES THAT PROMOTE COMMUNICATION OF ASSESSMENT FINDINGS TO SERVICE PROVIDERS AND SUPPORTS IN A DESCRIPTIVE MANNER THAT SUPPORT REFERRAL DECISION MAKING (I.E., SPECIFIC RESULTS FROM SPECIFIC TOOLS USED IN THE ASSESSMENT ARE NOT SHARED TO AVOID COMMUNICATION OF NUMERIC SCORES THAT CAN BE MISINTERPRETED). (FRAMEWORK, PG. 35)										
Policies and procedures restrict staff from sharing completed assessment tool, raw scores, or total scores.										
The AC provides staff with training on how to document assessment results using language that communicates assessment in decisions and recommendation.										
AC leadership conducts annual review of written communication to ensure that staff are reporting assessment results/decisions consistent with local P&P										
CRITERIA 13.1 TOTAL:										
CRITERIA 13.2: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES EXPLAINING EFFORTS TO ENSURE CONFIDENTIALITY TO THE YOUTH DURING THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS (I.E., THE ASSESSMENT WILL BE CONDUCTED IN PRIVATE) (FRAMEWORK, PG. 35)										
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to conduct the assessment process in a space that ensures confidentiality during the assessment process.										
CRITERIA 13.2 TOTAL:										

CRITERIA 13.3: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND AG IN ANY ADJU			RTNERS THAT INFOR OCESS WITHOUT CON		E ASSESSMENT CA	NNOT BE USED
Policies, procedures, and practices require AC staff to obtain a release of information signed by a legally authorized representative to provide assessment results to other systems, providers, supports.						
MOUs or agreements with justice system stake- holders, education, child welfare, etc. explicitly stating that information disclosed during assess- ment process is not to be used in adjudicatory or disciplinary processes without consent by a legally authorized representative.						
Policies, procedures, and practices require AC staff to obtain a release of information signed by a legally authorized representative to provide assessment results to other systems, providers, supports.						
CRITERIA 13.3 TOTAL:						
CRITERIA 13.4: CENTERS HAVE AGREEMENT PERMANENT RECORD (I.E., COURT, EDUCATIO	N, & CHILD WE	LFARE) AND WILL		NST THE YOUT		
MOUs or agreements with partners or systems (i.e., court, education, & child welfare) explicating state that assessment results will not become part of a youth's permanent record.						
CRITERIA 13.4 TOTAL:						

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 13.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 13.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 13.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 13.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 14: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS PROCESS TO ENSURE THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS IS EQUITABLE, FAIR, AND TRANSPARENT.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 14.1: CENTERS HAVE A PRO	OCESS TO ANALYZE /		TO FAMILY, COMMUN T. (FRAMEWORK, PO		KEHOLDERS THE NEI	EDS OF YOUTH IDENT	IFIED FROM
The AC has a documented process that results in an annual summary report of the AC's assessment process including at a minimum the number of assessments conducted, results of assessment tools, referral rates, and demographics of youth served through the assessment process.							

The AC has a mechanism an annual summary report served, referral partners, a stakeholders.	t to families										
CRITERIA 14.1 T	OTAL:										
CRITERIA 14.2: CENTERS HAVE A PROCESS TO ENSURE DATA ANALYSIS INFORMS CHANGES/REVISIONS TO THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 34)											
The AC has a documented quality improvement procinformation from 14.1 to im sessment process, use of and staff response protoc	ess that uses prove the asspecific tools,										
CRITERIA 14.2 1	OTAL:										
	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSI	DERATION		OR POLICY UNDER Sideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL		
Criteria 14.1 Sum Total											

STANDARD TOTAL:

## **CORE COMPONENT SCORING**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Standard 1 Sum Total							
Standard 2 Sum Total							
Standard 3 Sum Total							
Standard 4 Sum Total							
Standard 5 Sum Total							
Standard 6 Sum Total							
Standard 7 Sum Total							
Standard 8 Sum Total							
Standard 9 Sum Total							
Standard 10 Sum Total							
Standard 11 Sum Total							
Standard 12 Sum Total							
Standard 13 Sum Total							
Standard 14 Sum Total							
CORE COMPONENT TOTAL:							

Core Component Summary Rating	Exploration	Preparation	Implementation	Sustainment	
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- ▶ Summary of Evidence Supporting the Core Component Summary Rating:
- ▶ Potential Next Steps (e.g., Benchmarks/Areas to target for System improvement; strategies to guide system improvement:
- List the changes recommended by the team:

## **CORE COMPONENT: CASE MANAGEMENT**

- ► **Tier I Assessment Center:** An Assessment Center that conducts screening only and refers out for further assessment.
- ▶ **Tier II Assessment Center:** An Assessment Center that conducts both screening and assessment.

Please select one of the following	ıg:	
Our Center is a Tier 1 Center:		Only answer respond to benchmarks questions in GREEN
Our Center is a Tier 2 Center:		Answer all questions

#### STANDARD 1: CENTERS FREQUENTLY TRAIN AND SUPPORT STAFF ON CASE MANAGEMENT BEST PRACTICES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 1.1: TIER II CENTERS HAVE IN	TERNAL POLICIE		ES THAT ENSURES A TH YOUTH AND FAMIL		WORKLOAD THAT I	ENABLES STAFF TO E	FFECTIVELY
The AC has policies and procedures that limits the number of youth and families a staff member can case manage at any given time							
Policy and procedure provide guidance to staff determining frequency of contacts with youth and families in order to effectively engage.							
The AC onboarding process and ongoing training include youth and family engagement methods.							
CRITERIA 1.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 1.2: CENTERS PROVIDE ONGOING STAFF DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES AROUND EFFECTIVE CASE MANAGEMENT AND OTHER TOPICS REFERENCED IN THE STAFF DEVELOPMENT CORE COMPONENT.										
Annual booster training on case management s youth and family engag	trategies and effective									
CRITERIA 1	CRITERIA 1.2 TOTAL:									
	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL			
Criteria 1.1 Sum Total										
Criteria 1.2 Sum Total										
STANDARD TOTAL:										

### STANDARD 2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS TAKE A MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPROACH TO CASE MANAGEMENT.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND Consistent practice	SELECTION Justification				
CRITERIA 2.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENTS TO INFORM KEY STAKEHOLDERS AND PARTNERS OF INDIVIDUALIZED NEEDS TO ENSURE EFFECTIVE LINKAGE AND CASE MANAGEMENT. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 46, 47)											
The AC has information sharing agree- ments with stakeholders that allow for sharing of needs identified during screening and/or assessment so to reduce duplication of services.											

Policies, procedures, and practices encourage staff to engage stakehold- ers already involved with youth and families in plan development										
CRITERIA 2.1 TOTAL:										
CRITERIA 2.2: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES THAT REQUIRE STAFF TO COMPLETE A RELEASE OF INFORMATION WITH ALL YOUTH AND FAMILIES. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 58, 59)										
Policies and procedures require staff to obtain a release of information with all youth and families.										
Policies and procedures require staff to obtain consent with all youth and families to share information with community partners or natural community supports.										
CRITERIA 2.2 TOTAL:										
NOT A CURP	ENT		PRACTICE OR	INCODMAL	FORMAL POLICY;	FORMAL POLICY				

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 2.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 2.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 3: TIER II CENTERS CREATE INDIVIDUALIZED PLANS, IN ACTIVE PARTNERSHIP WITH YOUTH AND FAMILIES, THAT ARE INFORMED FROM THE SCREENING AND ASSESSMENT PROCESS THAT ARE MANAGEABLE, MEASURABLE, AND YOUTH/FAMILY CENTERED.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification				
CRITERIA 3.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND FORMS THAT ALLOW FOR CONSISTENCY IN PLAN CREATION AND CASE MANAGEMENT AMONG STAFF.  (FRAMEWORK, PG.46, 47)											
The AC has a universal form for staff to create the individualized plan											
Policies and procedures provide guidance to staff on how to complete the forms and best practice on creating individualized plans											
CRITERIA 3.1 TOTAL:											
CRITERIA 3.2: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES	AND PROCEDUI		LANS ARE MADE IN F MEWORK, PG.46, 47		WITH YOUTH AND	FAMILIES AND ARE	STRENGTHS-				
The AC onboarding process and ongoing training include strength-based approaches.											
Policies and procedures require staff to ensure individualized plans are strength-based											
AC supervisors or staff regularly review plans created by staff to ensure a strength-based approach											
Policies and procedures require that youth and their families be active partners and have choice in the plan created											
CRITERIA 3.2 TOTAL:											

CRITERIA 3.3: TIER II CENTERS ESTABLISH A MAXIMUM NUMBER OF NEEDS AND ASSOCIATED SERVICES AND SUPPORTS THAT CAN BE MANAGED AT ONE TIME.  (FRAMEWORK, PG.46, 47)									
The AC has policies and procedures that provide guidance to staff on the maximum number of needs, services, and supports that can be managed at one time.									
Policies, procedures, and practices ensure staff get input from youth and families on the priority of needs addressed and the number of services and supports included in the plan.									
The AC has quality assurance processes in place to frequently review plans to ensure number of needs and goals align with policies and procedures.									
CRITERIA 3.3 TOTAL:									
CRITERIA 3.4: TIER II CENTERS INCORPORATE A SIGNED PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT OUTLINING PARTICIPATION EXPECTATIONS, LENGTH OF TIME, AND WHAT HAPPENS IF "OUT-OF-COMPLIANCE" WITH YOUTH AND FAMILY. (FRAMEWORK, PG.46, 47)									
The AC has a uniform participation agreement form that requires staff to include expectations, length of time, and "out-of-compliance" consequences.									
Policies and procedures require staff to have a participation agreement signed by all youth and families.									
CRITERIA 3.4 TOTAL:									

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 3.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

STANDARD 4: ASSESSMENT CENTERS MATCH YOUTH AND FAMILIES TO SERVICES AND SUPPORTS, IN ACTIVE PARTICIPATION WITH YOUTH AND FAMILIES, THAT ALIGN WITH NEEDS, CULTURE, AND IDENTITY IDENTIFIED IN THE SCREENING AND ASSESSMENT PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 4.1: INDIVIDUALIZED PLANS	S ONLY ADDRESS	AREAS AND NEEDS	IDENTIFIED WITHIN	I THE SCREEN	NING AND ASSESSMI	ENT PROCESS. (FRAMEV	VORK, PG.46, 47)
Policies and procedures require only needs identified in the screening and assessment process are included in individualized plans							
The AC has quality assurance processes in place to frequently review plans and ensure they accurately reflect the needs identified in the screening and assessment process.							
CRITERIA 4.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 4.2: CENTERS EN	IGAGE AND C	CATALOG DI	IVERSE .			JNITY-BASI UALIZED O		AND	SUPPORTS IN O	RDER T	O PROVIDE YO	UTH A	ND FAMILIES
The AC has an electronic system catalog community-based servand supports													
The AC has a process to catalog which community-based service evidence-based and effective.	_												
The AC has a process to catalog community-based services are and culturally specific.	-												
CRITERIA 4.2 TOTAL:	:												
CRITERIA 4.3: CENTERS HA	AVE AGREEM						COMMUNITY (FRAMEWORK			S OR S	SERVICE PROV	IDERS	THAT ALLOW
The AC has MOUs or agreement community-based services prothat allow for referrals													
The AC has electronic or written that allow for referrals directly munity agencies or service pro	to com-												
CRITERIA 4.3 TOTAL:													
	NOT A CUR PRACTICE POLIC	E OR		UNDER DERATION	POLICY	TICE OR UNDER ERATION	INFORMA PRACTICE	-	FORMAL POLIC INCONSISTEN PRACTICE		FORMAL POL AND CONSIST PRACTICE	ENT	TOTAL

Criteria 4.1 Sum Total

Criteria 4.2 Sum Total				
Criteria 4.3 Sum Total				
STANDARD TOTAL:				

## STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROVIDE TIMELY FOLLOW-UP WITH YOUTH AND FAMILIES AFTER A SCREENING OR ASSESSMENT.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 5.1: FOR CENTERS IN		RRALS FOR ASSESSN USINESS DAYS AFTE				HE YOUTH AND FAMILY	OCCURS WITHIN
An AC's electronic database allows for input of date and time staff follow-up with youth and families							
Policies and procedures require staff to follow-up with youth and families within two business days after the screening process.							
The AC has quality assurance processes in place to frequently review plans and ensure they accurately reflect the needs identified in the screening and assessment process.							
CRITERIA 5.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 5.2: TIER II CENTERS OF THE DEVELOPM				TH FAMILIES OCCURS VEEDS. (FRAMEWORK, P	
An AC's electronic database allows for input of date and time the plan is developed and the date and time staff follow-up with youth and families					
Policies and Procedures require staff to follow-up with youth and families within one week after the development of an individualized plan					
CRITERIA 5.2 TOTAL:					
CRITERIA 5.3: ALL CONTACTS	WITH THE YOUTH/FA	AL CONTACTS SHOUL Framework, Pg. 4	NTED IN THE CENTER	'S INFORMATION TECH	INOLOGY SYSTEM.
The AC has an electronic database that allows for staff to enter notes directly related to case management.					
Policies and procedures require staff to enter notes related to contacts (attempted and successful) and interactions with youth, family, and other collateral contacts.					
CRITERIA 5.3 TOTAL:					

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 5.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 6: ASSESSMENT CENTERS FACILITATE ACCESS TO SERVICES AND SUPPORTS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 6.1: WHENEVER POSSIBLE HAND-OI			SERVICE OR SUPPOR BEEN IDENTIFIED AN				TATE A WARM
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to have intentional conversation around a youth and family's access to transportation, insurance, affordability, etc. prior to making referrals.							
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to address accessibility barriers identified.							
Policies, procedures, and practices en- courage staff to make referrals to services while youth and family are present.							
CRITERIA 6.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 6.2: POLICIES AND PROCED			AND CHECK-IN OPPO EMENT PROCESS. (FR			REGIVERS, AND OTH	HER SUPPORTS
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to frequently check-in, virtually and in-person, with youth and families							
Policies, procedures, and practice require staff to make check-in meetings spaces and times accessible and convenient.							
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff check-ins with youth and families to review the success of services and supports.							
CRITERIA 6.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 6.3: POLICIES AND PROCEDU	RES SUPPORT ADDITION	ONAL CASE PLANNING	G IF SERVICES AND SUI	PPORTS ARE NO	OT EFFECTIVE OR ACC	CESSIBLE. (FRAMEWO	ORK, PG.47, 48)
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to do additional case planning if support and services are found not to be effective or accessible during check ins							
CRITERIA 6.3 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 6.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 6.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 6.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

### STANDARD 7: YOUTH AND FAMILIES ARE TREATED AS PARTNERS IN THE CASE MANAGEMENT PROCESS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 7.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES	S AND PROCEDURE	ES THAT ALLOW FOR Y	OUTH AND THEIR I	FAMILIES TO I	REFUSE PARTICIPA	TION. (FRAMEWORK	(, PG.46)
Policies, procedures, and practices exist that give all youth and families the right to refuse to participate in the case management process.							
CRITERIA 7.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 7.2: YOUTH AND	FAMILIES ARE ENG	AGED IN THE DEVELO	PMENT OF THEIR I	NDIVIDUALIZ	ED PLAN. (FRAMEV	/ORK, PG.46, 47)	
Policies, procedures, and practices require individualized plans to include protective factors, strengths, and any other existing positive supports identified by youth and families.							
Policies, procedures, and practices require youth and families to drive goal setting and establishing success measures within the plan.							

The AC has a continuous quality improvement process to periodically review plans to ensure youth and family involvement.  AC onboarding and booster trainings include those that are focused on youth and family engagement and motivational interviewing							
CRITERIA 7.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 7.3: YOUTH	AND FAMILIES ARE	GIVEN CHOICE OF S	ERVICE PROVIDERS	S AND SUPPO	RTS. (FRAMEWORK	, PG.46, 47)	
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to provide youth and families with choice in the services and supports included in the individualized plan.							
CRITERIA 7.3 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 7.4: CENTERS HAVE A METHO	D TO COLLECT FEE		AND FAMILIES ON RK, PG.47, 48)	THEIR EXPER	IENCE WITH THE C	ASE MANAGEMENT	PROCESS.
AC has a mechanism (form, survey, etc.) that allows youth and families to give feedback on the case management process.							
The AC regularly analyzes the feedback received from youth and families to improve practices and inform staff development efforts.							
Policies, procedures, and practices are in place for youth and families to report grievances about staff or community partners.							
CRITERIA 7.4 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 7.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## **CORE COMPONENT SCORING**

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	TOTAL
Standard 1 Sum Total							
Standard 2 Sum Total							
Standard 3 Sum Total							
Standard 4 Sum Total							
Standard 5 Sum Total							
Standard 6 Sum Total							
Standard 7 Sum Total							
CORE COMPONE	NT TOTAL:						
Core Component Summary	v						

|--|

- ▶ Summary of Evidence Supporting the Core Component Summary Rating:
- ▶ Potential Next Steps (e.g., Benchmarks/Areas to target for System improvement; strategies to guide system improvement:
- List the changes recommended by the team:

# **CORE COMPONENT: STAFF SUPPORT AND DEVELOPMENT**

STANDARD 1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS CREATE AND SUSTAIN AN ENVIRONMENT OF WELLNESS FOR STAFF THAT RECOGNIZES THE EFFECTS OF STRESS CREATED FROM DAILY WORK.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION					
CRITERIA 1.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A METHOD TO ANNUALLY, AT A MINIMUM, RECEIVE FEEDBACK FROM STAFF ON SATISFACTION AND WELLNESS AND ARE TRANSPARENT WITH THE FEEDBACK RECEIVED TO ALL LEVELS OF THE ORGANIZATION.												
The AC has adopted policies and practices to annually survey staff on their level of satisfaction and overall wellness annually.												
The AC has a mechanism that uniformly and universally gauges satisfaction levels and overall wellness of staff.												
The AC has policies and practices that communicate results of satisfaction and wellness survey to all levels of the organization.												
The AC engages all levels of the organization in discussion regarding results of feedback.												
CRITERIA 1.1 TOTAL:												

CRITERIA 1.2: ASSESSMENT	CENTERS HAVE UN	DERGONE AN ORGA	NIZATIONAL ASSESS (FRAMEWORK, PO		AUMA-INFORMED	PRACTICES WITHIN	N THE PAST FIVE YEARS.
The AC has engaged in an organizational assessment for trauma-informed practices within the past five years.							
The AC has developed an action plan based on the results of the organizational assessment that is shared with Board, community, and staff.							
CRITERIA 1.3 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.3: E	EMPLOYEE ASSISTAN	NCE PROGRAM (EAP	) AND/OR COUNSEL	ING IS OFFER	ED TO STAFF AS NE	EEDED. (FRAMEWOI	RK, PG. 52)
The AC policies and procedures offer EAP for staff.							
The AC frequently reminds and encourages staff to use EAP if needed.							
CRITERIA 1.3 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 1.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS SUPPORT STAFF WITH COMPREHENSIVE ONBOARDING TO ENSURE THEY ARE PREPARED TO SERVE YOUTH AND FAMILIES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 2.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS			ND COMPETENCIES EWORK (FRAMEWOR			PICS LISTED ON PA	GE 54 OF THE
The AC policies, procedures, and practices include a comprehensive menu of trainings and competencies required for onboarding new staff.							
The list of onboarding training and competencies included on page 54 of the Framework is represented in the AC's required menu of onboarding training and competencies.							
CRITERIA 2.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 2.2: POLIC	IES AND PROC	EDURES	REQUIRE TRAININ	GS TO BE COMPLET	ED PRIOR TO W	ORKING WITH YOUTH A	AND FAMILIES. (FRAME	WORK, PG. 53)
The AC policies, procedures, a es prohibit staff from working and families until required tracompetencies are completed	g with youth aining and							
CRITERIA 2.2 TOT	AL:							
	NOT A CURR Practice or F		NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And Consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 2.1 Sum Total								
Criteria 2.2 Sum Total								
STANDARD TOTAL:								

## STANDARD 3: ASSESSMENT CENTERS SUPPORT STAFF WITH INTENTIONAL ONGOING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 3.1: ASSESSME	NT CENTERS HAV	E AN ANNUAL BOOST	ER TRAINING SCHEE	DULE AVAILAB	LE TO STAFF. (FRAI	MEWORK, PG. 52 - 53	3)
In response to best practices, community needs, and staff requests, the AC creates and updates a schedule of annual trainings for staff.							

The AC annually provides booster trainings for onboarding training and competencies.							
CRITERIA 3.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 3.2: AN INDIVIDUALIZED F		FOR EACH STAFF PE ED BY BOTH STAFF A				PMENTAL NEEDS /	AND DESIRES
AC policies and practices create an individ- ualized professional development plan for each staff member							
The plan is created with staff input about professional training needs and desires.							
The plan in created with input from supervisors and staff.							
The plan is created based on data analysis that cross references youth outcomes with staff.							
CRITERIA 3.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 3.3: ASSESSM	MENT CENTERS PO	OLL STAFF ON TRAIN	INGS NEEDED OR DE	SIRED TO EXF	PAND SKILLSET. (FI	RAMEWORK, PG. 53	)
The AC regularly polls staff on training and support needs.							
The AC annual schedule of trainings is reflective of poll results.							
CRITERIA 3.3 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 3.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 3.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 4: ASSESSMENT CENTERS CREATE AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE STAFF ARE PROVIDED SUPPORT TO PRACTICE SKILLS THEY LEARNED IN TRAINING AND INTEGRATE THEM INTO THE WORK PROCESSES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 4.1: POLICIES AND PROCE	DURES SUPPORT		TRAINING WITH COA SUPPORT. (FRAMEV		INITIES OF PRACTIC	ES, CODING, OR OTI	HER FORMS OF
AC policies, procedures, and practices provide staff with implementation support following skill-specific training.							
The AC has designated coaches to support implementation of skills.							
CRITERIA 4.1 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 4.1 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 5: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROVIDE CONSISTENT AND QUALITY FEEDBACK AND SUPERVISION TO STAFF.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification				
CRITERIA 3.1: POLICIES AND PROCEDURES REQUIRE REGULAR MEETINGS BETWEEN STAFF AND SUPERVISORS. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 54 - 55)											
AC policies, procedures, and practices require regular meetings between staff and their immediate supervisors.											
AC supervisors implement reflective supervision techniques during meetings with staff.											
AC supervisors are trained in trauma-informed supervision.											
CRITERIA 5.1 TOTAL:											
CRITERIA 5.2: PERFORMANCE EV	ALUATIONS ARE		LLY THAT SPECIFICA Ramework, pg. 54		E THE SKILLS REQ	JIRED TO SERVE Y	OUTH AND				
AC policies, procedures, and practices require supervisors to conduct annual performance evaluations.											
The AC provides supervisors with support on best practices in conducting performance evaluations.											
The AC has a process to ensure performance evaluations are completed consistently among supervisors.											
CRITERIA 5.2 TOTAL:											

CRITERIA 5.3: JOB DESCRIPTIONS, DUTIES	S, AND STAFF PE	RFORMANCE MEASUR	RES ALIGN WITH TRAI	NING AND SKIL	LS EXPECTED FRO	M STAFF. (FRAMEW	ORK, PG. 54 - 55)
All positions within an AC have an accompanying job description that detail duties of the job and skill set(s) required and desired.							
AC provide staff with job description prior to hiring.							
Performance measures within an evaluation align with duties and skills listed in the job description.							
CRITERIA 5.3 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 5.4: INFORMAL AND FORMAL F	RECOGNITION OF	STAFF IS INCORPO	RATED THROUGHOUT	POLICY, PRAC	CTICE, AND SUPER	VISION. (FRAMEW	ORK, PG. 54 - 55)
The AC has established formal recognition of staff within policy and practice.							
The AC actively promotes informal and peer-to-peer recognition.							
The mechanism to gauge satisfaction (referenced in 1.1) includes questions around whether staff feel recognized and celebrated.							
CRITERIA 5.4 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 5.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 6: ASSESSMENT CENTERS LEADERS COMMUNICATE AND INVOLVE STAFF IN ORGANIZATIONAL PLANNING AND SIGNIFICANT CHANGE AND/OR DECISIONS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 6.1: LEADERSHIP OF ASSESS			S OF STAFF IN DECIS NNING). (FRAMEWOR			, AND ORGANIZATIO	NAL PLANNING
The AC has a mechanism to seek out feedback and input when planning for organizational changes and operational decisions.							
All levels of staff are engaged in the development of the AC's action plan (see accountability).							

The mechanism to gauge satisfaction (referenced in 1.1) includes questions around whether staff feel their feedback is valued in organizational decision-making					
CRITERIA 6.1 TOTAL:					
CRITERIA 6.2: LEADERSHIP OF ASSES	SMENT CENTER	ALL LEVELS OF STAI Framework, Pg. 54	NALE OF LARGE CH	ANGES AND DECISIO	NS IN A TIMELY
AC practices require leadership to communicate rationale of large changes to all levels of staff in a timely manner.					
CRITERIA 6.2 TOTAL:					

	Not a Current Practice or Policy	Not Under Consideration	Practice or Policy Under Consideration	Informal Practice	Formal Policy; inconsistent practice	Formal policy and consistent practice	Total
Criteria 6.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 6.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## **CORE COMPONENT SCORING**

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Standard 1 Sum Total							
Standard 2 Sum Total							
Standard 3 Sum Total							
Standard 4 Sum Total							
Standard 5 Sum Total							
Standard 6 Sum Total							
CORE COMPON	ENT TOTAL:						
				ı			
Core Component Summary Rating	Exploration		Preparation		Implementation	Sust	ainment

- Summary of Evidence Supporting the Core Component Summary Rating:
- ▶ Potential Next Steps (e.g., Benchmarks/Areas to target for System improvement; strategies to guide system improvement:
- List the changes recommended by the team:

## **CORE COMPONENT: ACCOUNTABILITY**

STANDARD 1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE WRITTEN POLICIES AND PROCEDURES THAT OUTLINE INFORMATION SHARING EXPECTATIONS THAT ENSURES TIMELY EXCHANGE OF RELEVANT INFORMATION.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 1.1: INFORMATION	SHARING AGRE	EMENTS ARE IN PL	ACE WITH COMMUNIT	Y AND SYSTEI	M PARTNERS. (FRA	MEWORK, PG. 58-59	9)
The AC has written agreements with one or more stakeholders, dependent on target population, that details information sharing expectations.							
The AC policies, procedures, and practices provide guidance to staff on information sharing expectation that align with written agreements.							
CRITERIA 1.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.2: POLICIES AND PROCEDURES	ON INFORMATION	SHARING EXIST AN	D ARE REVIEWED YEAR	RLY FOR RELEV	ANCE AND NEEDED (	JPDATES. (FRAMEWO	RK, PG. 58 -59)
The AC has policies and procedures on information sharing that align with best practice, taking into consideration local and national laws.							

The AC has policies and procedures that provide guidance to staff on information sharing.							
CRITERIA 1.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.3: ASSESSMENT CENTERS II			VIEW ON INFORMATION ARE NEEDED. (FRAME			RS AND PARTNERS T	O DETERMINE
The AC regularly reviews information sharing agreements with stakeholders and system partners for relevance, changes, and edits.							
CRITERIA 1.3 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 1.4: POLICIES AND PROCEDU	IRES ARE CONSI	STENT WITH LEGAL	, ETHICAL, AND PROI	ESSIONAL ST	ANDARDS OF PRAC	CTICE. (FRAMEWORK	(, PG. 58-59)
The AC should reference local and national law(s) and best practice literature that informs information sharing policies and procedures.							
The AC should reference local and national law(s) and best practice literature that informs information sharing agreements.							
The AC reviews laws and best practice liter- ature annually for potential updates needed to information sharing agreements.							
CRITERIA 1.4 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 1.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 1.4 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS IMPLEMENT A PROCESS BY WHICH RELEASE OF INFORMATION FORMS ARE UNIVERSALLY ADMINISTERED AT INTAKE.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 2.1: CENTERS HAVE POLI	CIES AND PROCEDU		STAFF TO COMPLETE F ORK, PG. 58-59)	RELEASE OF IN	FORMATION WITH	ALL YOUTH AND F	AMILIES.
The AC has a standard release of information form, which is compliant with local and federal laws (i.e., HIPAA, FERPA, etc.).							
The AC policies, procedures, and practices requires a release of information be completed with all youth and families when communicating with stakeholders, providers, etc.							
CRITERIA 2.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 2.2: CENTER	IS HAVE WRITTEN P	OLICIES AND PROCE	EDURES ON HOW AND V FAMILIES. (FRAMEW			ORMATION WHEN WORKIN	NG WITH YOUTH AND
AC has written policies an detailing how and when t lease(s) of information	-						
AC periodically conducts a quality improvement (CQI sure releases are obtained correctly	I) process to en-						
CRITERIA 2.2	TOTAL:						
	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 2.1 Sum Total							

## STANDARD 3: STAFF ARE SUPPORTED AND TRAINED ON INFORMATION SHARING BEST PRACTICE.

Criteria 2.2 Sum Total

STANDARD TOTAL:

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION
CRITERIA 3.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROV	/IDE TRAINING ON	LAW, POLICY, AND PR	OCEDURE TO ALL PERS	ONNEL INVOLV	ED IN INFORMATIO	N SHARING. (FRAME	WORK, PG. 58-59)
The AC provides training on information sharing and release of information in their onboarding process for new staff.							

The AC holds frequent boo on information sharing an information	•						
CRITERIA 3.1 T	OTAL:						
	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 3.1 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 4: ASSESSMENT CENTERS IMPLEMENT AN ELECTRONIC SYSTEM AND PROCESS THAT ALLOWS THEM TO CAPTURE STRATEGIC DATA AND EASILY EXTRACT FOR REVIEW AND ANALYSIS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 4.1: ASSESSMENT CENTER	RS HAVE AN INTERN	· ·	TABASE THAT CAN WORK, PG. 60)	BE USED TO N	IANAGE INFORMATIO	ON ON THE YOUTH I	T SERVES.
The AC has an internal, electronic database.							
The internal, electronic database is accessible and used by staff to enter and manage information on the youth it serves.							
CRITERIA 4.1 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 4.2: DA	TA COLLECTED FRO	M OTHER SYSTEMS I	S INTEGRATED OR	ENTERED AS	NEEDED. (FRAMEWO	RK, PG. 60)	
The AC has information sharing agreements in place with other stakeholders that allows AC staff to have access to other informational databases (child welfare, courts, etc.) and allows for such data to be merged or manually entered into AC database.							
The AC policies and procedures detail what information staff should access and enter (if needed) into the internal database							
The internal, electronic database has a "required" feature that ensures data entry for required data.							
CRITERIA 4.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 4.3: THE COMPUTER-BASED	SYSTEM IS EASILY		FF FOR RECORD RI FRAMEWORK, PG		TA ENTRY AND ALLO	WS FOR DATA TO BI	EXTRACTED
The AC database can be easily accessed by staff when working with youth and families.							
The AC database allows multiple users to enter data at any given time.							
The AC database can generate standard- ized and ad-hoc reports to extract data for analysis.							
CRITERIA 4.3 TOTAL:							

CRITERIA 4.4: ASSESSMENT CENTERS COLLECT DEMOGRAPHIC DATA ON ALL YOUTH SERVED. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 60)											
Policies, procedures, and practices require staff to enter all youth demographic information into the internal, electronic database.											
The demographic fields within the AC database are marked as "required."											
CRITERIA 4.4 TOTAL:											

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 4.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 4.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 4.3 Sum Total							
Criteria 4.4 Sum Total							

### STANDARD 5: STAFF ARE SUPPORTED AND TRAINED ON INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION			
CRITERIA 5.1: CENTERS HAVE POLICIES AND PROCEDURE AROUND DATA ENTRY AND TIMELINESS. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 60)										
The AC has policies and procedures outlining expectations for data entry.										

TI. 101							
The AC has policies and procedures that provide staff with a timeframe for when data should be entered							
CRITERIA 5.1 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 5.2: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE CLEAR F	REQUIREMENTS FOR	R STAFF ON WHAT DAT	A IS REQUIRED TO BE C	OLLECTED VER	SUS WHAT DATA IS R	ECOMMENDED. (FRAM	EWORK, PG. 60)
AC have written policies and procedures that detail information required to be entered in the database							
AC have written policies and procedures that detail information recommended to be entered							
AC have a continuous quality improvement (CQI) process that reviews data entry for accuracy and timeliness							
CRITERIA 5.2 TOTAL:							
CRITERIA 5.3: ASSESSMENT CENTERS PROVIDE TRAIN	NING TO STAFF ON H	OW TO EFFECTIVELY U	TILIZE THE ELECTRONIC	DATABASE AND	PROCEDURES ON DA	TA COLLECTION. (FRAN	IEWORK, PG. 60)
The AC includes database training in onboarding process							
AC have a continuous quality improvement (CQI) process that reviews data entry for accuracy and timeliness and uses results to inform booster trainings.							
The AC frequently communicates the purpose and value of data collection, how it relates to the overall mission of the Assessment Center, and how data is used by staff							
CRITERIA 5.3 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 5.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 5.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 6: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A PLAN FOR IMPACT, OUTCOME, AND MEASUREMENT.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 6.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS AND PLANS FOR M			ODEL, THEORY OF CH 62) (SEE ASSESSME				ENDED OUTCOMES
The AC has an action plan that has been created and/or updated within the past five years.							
The action plan articulates intended outcomes for the AC.							
The action plan articulates measurement methods.							
CRITERIA 6.1 TOTAL:							

	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Criteria 6.1 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 7: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A PLAN, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES IN PLACE THAT SUPPORTS CONTINUOUS EVALUATION OF DATA TO ENSURE OUTCOMES ARE MET.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION JUSTIFICATION				
CRITERIA 7.1: CENTERS HAVE A WRITTEN PLAN AND GUIDELINES ON THE METHOD AND FREQUENCY IN WHICH THEY REVIEW, ANALYZE, AND INTERPRET DATA AND OUTCOMES. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 61, 62)											
The AC uses the outcomes and measure- ments stated in the action plan to inform a plan for continuous evaluation.											
Included in the plan for evaluation is the method and frequency in which data and outcomes will be reviewed and analyzed.											
The AC communicates data analysis and outcomes to stakeholders annually; at a minimum											
CRITERIA 7.1 TOTAL:											
CRITERIA 7.2: CENTERS MODII	FY THEIR COURSE	OF ACTION BASED O	ON FINDING FROM PE	ROGRAM DATA	AND ANALYSIS. (F	RAMEWORK, PG. 61,	62)				
The AC can articulate changes made to programming, training, approach, etc. based on data analysis											

The AC communicates res data analysis and change stakeholders							
CRITERIA 7.1 T	OTAL:						
	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 7.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 7.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

# STANDARD 8: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAVE A DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS PROCESS TO ENSURE EQUITABLE, FAIR, AND TRANSPARENT TREATMENT OF YOUTH AND FAMILIES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 8.1: CENTERS HAVE A PROCESS			TONALITY OF OUTCOM JITIES. (FRAMEWORK,		GRAPHIC DATA TO	IDENTIFY AREAS	OF DISPARATE
The AC database can extract demographic data on youth and families served.							
The AC regularly reviews and analyzes all Center outcomes specific to youth demo- graphics (i.e., race, ethnicity, gender) to identify potential disparities.							

The AC can demonstrate c programming, training, ap on equity data analysis	•						
CRITERIA 8.1	TOTAL:						
	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER Consideration	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 8.1 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

### STANDARD 9: THE ASSESSMENT CENTER MANAGES A DIRECTORY OF SERVICE PROVIDERS.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 9.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS HAV	'E AN ELECTRON		STEM THAT ALLOWS Work, Pg. 63, 64)	THEM TO CATA	ALOG COMMUNITY	SERVICE PROVIDER	INFORMATION.
The AC information system has the capacity to catalog community-based service provider information.							
The AC policy, procedures and practices utilizes the information system to give staff access to information on community-based service providers							
CRITERIA 9.1 TOTAL:							

# CRITERIA 9.2: CENTERS HAVE IDENTIFIED A WIDE RANGE OF COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICES THAT ARE INCLUSIVE, DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE, AND STRENGTHS-BASED. (FRAMEWORK, P.G. 63, 64) The AC actively seeks out diverse service providers to include in the information system in order for staff to make referrals The AC actively seeks out community-based services where staff and programming represent the cultures of youth and families served to include language. The AC staff and leadership regularly meet with service providers to allow for a more comprehensive understanding of services, locations, requirements The AC has service providers and supports in

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 9.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 9.2 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

their information system who address prosocial, treatment and basic needs in the catalog.

**CRITERIA 9.2 TOTAL:** 

## STANDARD 10: ASSESSMENT CENTERS CONDUCT SERVICE SYSTEM MAPPING AND FREQUENT CATALOGING PROVIDER INFORMATION.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	SELECTION Justification					
CRITERIA 10.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS UPDATE A CATALOG OF SERVICE PROVIDERS ON A YEARLY BASIS AT A MINIMUM. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 63, 64)												
AC policies, procedures, and practices require the Center to continuously update the catalog of service providers.												
Included in the catalog of service providers is general information (hours, location, etc.), available programming, and eligibility information.												
CRITERIA 10.1 TOTAL:												
CRITERIA 10.2: ASSESSMEN	T CENTERS GO TH	IROUGH A THOROUG	H SERVICE MAPPING	PROCESS EVE	RY THREE YEARS.	(FRAMEWORK, PG. 6	63, 64)					
The AC has engaged in service mapping with community stakeholders that reviews and maps available community services and supports to include who they serve, how referrals are made, and what services are provided.												
Service mapping with community and system stakeholders has occurred within the past three years.												
CRITERIA 10.2 TOTAL:												

CRITERIA 10.3: THE ASSESSMENT CENTER COMMUNICATES GAPS IN SERVICES AND SUPPORTS THROUGH COMMUNITY FORUMS, ANNUAL REPORTS, ETC. (FRAMEWORK, PG. 63, 64)											
Gaps in services and supports identified by the AC in the cataloging or service mapping process have been communicated to community stakeholders through forums, reports, etc.											
CRITERIA 10.3 TOTAL:											

	NOT A CURRENT PRACTICE OR POLICY	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; INCONSISTENT PRACTICE	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	TOTAL
Criteria 10.1 Sum Total							
Criteria 10.2 Sum Total							
Criteria 10.3 Sum Total							
STANDARD TOTAL:							

## STANDARD 11: ASSESSMENT CENTERS GATHER FEEDBACK FROM YOUTH AND FAMILIES ON QUALITY OF SERVICES.

BENCHMARK	NOT A CURRENT Practice or Policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR POLICY UNDER CONSIDERATION	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY AND CONSISTENT PRACTICE	SELECTION Justification
CRITERIA 11.1: ASSESSMENT CENTERS			DBACK FROM YOUTH AI			SERVICES TO ENS	URE SERVICE
ACs have a mechanism to gather feed- back from youth and families on quality of services (i.e., survey).							

The AC enters feedback into the internal information system.				
The internal database allows for staff to doc- ument the success or challenges of youth and families accessing needed services.				
When Centers identify a service provider that is failing to meet youth and family needs, policies and practices ensure communication regarding concerns is had directly with provider.				
If concerns remain, policies, procedures and practices remove the provider from the Center's catalog of service providers.				
AC policies, procedures, practices require staff to enter outcomes of youth and fami- lies in the internal information system				
CRITERIA 11.1 TOTAL:				

## **CORE COMPONENT SCORING**

		CURRENT Ce or policy	NOT UNDER CONSIDERATION	PRACTICE OR Policy under Consideration	INFORMAL Practice	FORMAL POLICY; Inconsistent Practice	FORMAL POLICY And consistent Practice	TOTAL
Standard 1 Sum Total								
Standard 2 Sum Total								
Standard 3 Sum Total								
Standard 4 Sum Total								
Standard 5 Sum Total								
Standard 6 Sum Total								
Standard 7 Sum Total								
Standard 8 Sum Total								
Standard 9 Sum Total								
Standard 10 Sum Total								
Standard 11 Sum Total								
CORE COMPONENT TOTAL:								
Core Component Summary Rating Exploration			Preparation		Implementation	Susta	nment	

- ▶ Summary of Evidence Supporting the Core Component Summary Rating:
- ▶ Potential Next Steps (e.g., Benchmarks/Areas to target for System improvement; strategies to guide system improvement:
- List the changes recommended by the team: